Using Value-Based Insurance Design to Increase Use of High Value Care, Enhance Equity, and Eliminate Low Value Services

A. Mark Fendrick, MD
University of Michigan Center for Value-Based Insurance Design

www.vbidcenter.org







I PUBLISHED BUT STILL PERISHED

Health Care Costs Are a Top Issue For Purchasers and Policymakers: Solutions must protect consumers, reward providers and preserve innovation

- Innovations to prevent and treat disease have led to impressive reductions in morbidity and mortality
- Irrespective of remarkable clinical advances, cutting health care spending is the main focus of reform discussions
- Underutilization of high-value care persists across the entire spectrum of clinical care leading to poor health outcomes
- Our ability to deliver high-quality health care lags behind the rapid pace of scientific innovation



Star Wars Science



Flintstones Delivery

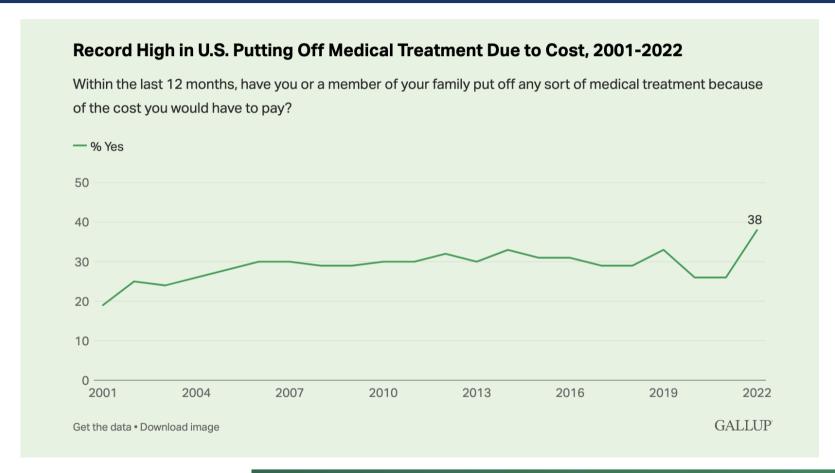


Moving from the Stone Age to the Space Age: Change the health care cost discussion from "How much" to "How well"

- Everyone (almost) agrees there is enough money in the US health care system; we just spend it on the wrong services and in the wrong places
- Moving from a volume-driven to value-based system requires a change in both how we pay for care and how we engage consumers to seek care
- The most common patient-facing strategy consumer cost-sharing is a 'blunt' instrument, in that patients pay more out of pocket for ALL care regardless of clinical value



Americans Do Not Care About Health Care Costs; They Care About What It Costs Them



Health care costs are among the leading causes of:

- Personal debt
- On-line fundraisers
- Personal bankruptcy

Download Full Issue

Only in America: Bankruptcy Due to Health Care Costs

James E. Dalen, MD, MPH



Americans Do Not Care About Health Care Costs; They Care About What It Costs Them

Most Voters Say Out Of Pocket Costs Are Top Health Priority

Which of the following health care priorities do you think is most important for the country to address?

Lowering out of pocket health care costs for people

Getting more value for health care spending

Ensuring the financial sustainability of Medicare

Reducing national spending on health care

Reducing the costs employers pay for health insurance for their workers

Easing the effect of Medicaid on state budgets

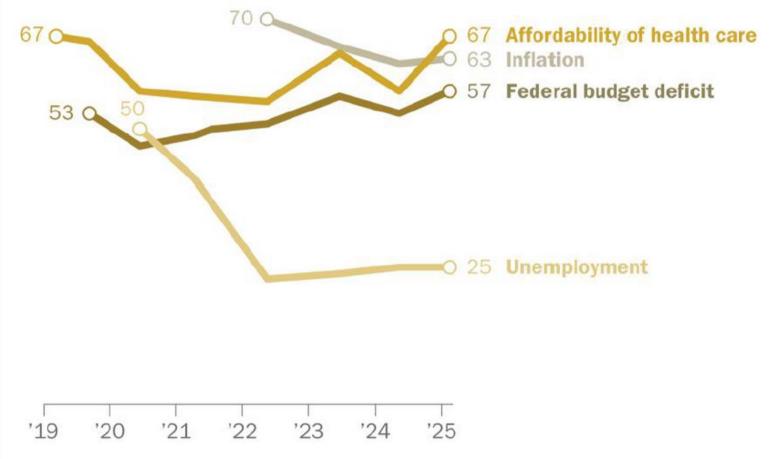
NOTE: Among registered voters. See topline for full question wording.

SOURCE: KFF Health Tracking Poll (Jan. 30-Feb. 7, 2024) • Get the data • PNG



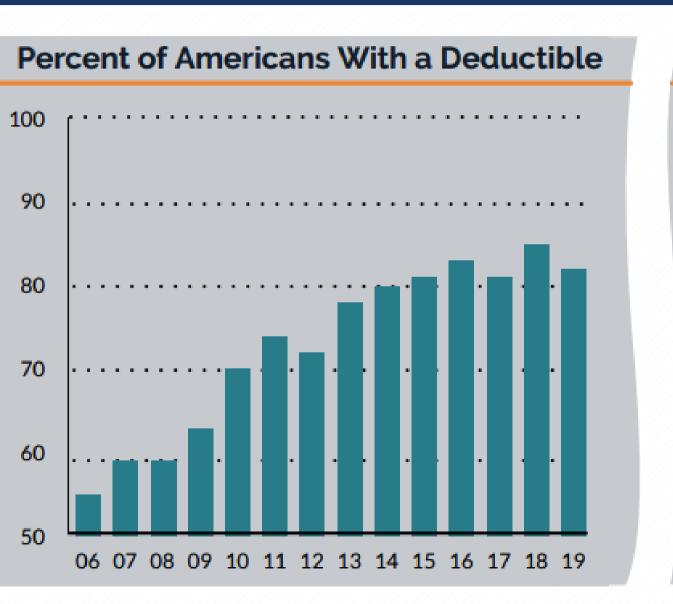
Health care costs, inflation and federal deficit are top concerns for public; unemployment remains low

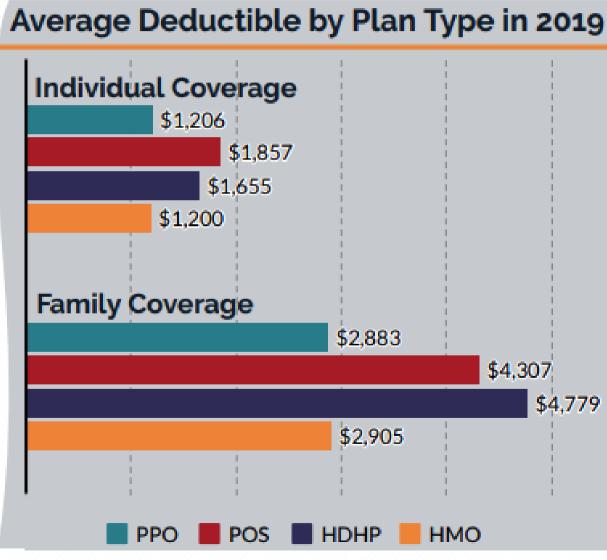
% who say each of the following is a **very big problem** for the country today



Note: Refer to the topline for a full list of items and trends. Source: Survey of U.S. adults conducted Jan. 27-Feb. 2, 2025.

Americans Do Not Care About Health Care Costs; They Care About What It Costs Them





Inspiration (Still)





I can't believe you had to spend a million dollars to show that if you make people pay more for something, they will buy less of it.



- Barbara Fendrick (my mother, 1934-2024)



"Blunt" Cost-Sharing Worsens Health Care Disparities

Effects of Increased Patient Cost Sharing on Socioeconomic Disparities in Health Care

Michael Chernew, PhD¹ Teresa B. Gibson, PhD² Kristina Yu-Isenberg, PhD, RPh³ Michael C. Sokol, MD, MS⁴ Allison B. Rosen, MD, ScD⁵, and A. Mark Fendrick, MD⁵

Cost-sharing worsens disparities and adversely affect health, particularly among economically vulnerable individuals and those with chronic conditions



The New York Times

OPINION
GUEST ESSAY

What's Wrong With Health Insurance? Deductibles Are Ridiculous, for Starters.

July 7, 2022





Want to know one of the biggest problems in healthcare? Deductibles.

Deductibles are defined by the plans the insurance companies design. Then they are approved to be offered by the feds or employers. Then we the people decide what deductible we want when we choose our plans.

Often we choose higher deductibles because we are healthy or because we can only afford the lowest premium plan.

Alternative to "Blunt" Consumer Cost-Sharing: A Clinically Nuanced Approach

A "smarter" cost-sharing approach that encourages consumers to use more high value services and providers, but discourages the use of low value ones



A Clinically Nuanced Alternative to "Blunt" Consumer Cost-sharing: Value-Based Insurance Design - More of the Good Stuff and Less of the Bad Stuff

- Sets consumer cost-sharing on clinical benefit – not price
- Little or no out-of-pocket cost for high-value care; higher cost-sharing for low-value care
- Implemented by hundreds of public and private payers
- Bipartisan political support
- Improves health outcomes
- Enhances equity

February 9, 2024

Acute Diabetes Complications After Transition to a Value-Based Medication Benefit

J. Franklin Wharam, MD, MPH^{1,2,3}; Stephanie Argetsinger, MS, MPH³; Matthew Lakoma, MPH³; Fang Zhang, PhD³; Dennis Ross-Degnan, ScD³

By Niteesh K. Choudhry, Katsiaryna Bykov, William H. Shrank, Michele Toscano, Wayne S. Rawlins, Lonny Reisman, Troyen A. Brennan, and Jessica M. Franklin

Eliminating Medication Copayments Reduces Disparities In Cardiovascular Care



V-BID: Rare Bipartisan Political and Broad Multi-Stakeholder Support

- HHS
- CBO
- SEIU
- MedPAC
- Brookings Institution
- Commonwealth Fund
- NBCH
- American Fed Teachers
- Families USA
- AHIP
- AARP
- DOD
- BCBSA

- National Governor's Assoc.
- US Chamber of Commerce
- Bipartisan Policy Center
- Kaiser Family Foundation
- American Benefits Council
- National Coalition on Health Care
- Urban Institute
- RWJF
- IOM
- Smarter Health Care Coalition
- PhRMA
- EBRI
- AMA



Putting Innovation into Action: Translating Research into Policy





ACA Sec 2713: Selected Preventive Services be Provided without Cost-Sharing

- Receiving an A or B rating from the United States Preventive Services Taskforce (USPSTF)
- Immunizations recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)
- Preventive care and screenings supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)



ACA Sec 2713: Selected Preventive Services be Provided without Cost-Sharing

- Receiving an A or B rating from the United States Preventive Services Taskforce (USPSTF)
- Immunizations recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)
- Preventive care and screenings supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

By amending Sec 2713, the CARES Act of 2020 mandated COVID-19 testing and vaccines to be provided without patient cost-sharing







January 11, 2022

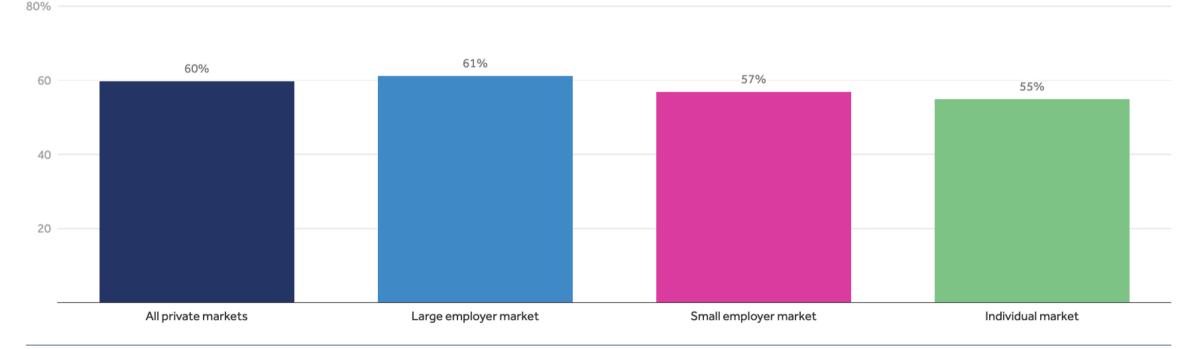
HP-2022-01

Access to Preventive Services without Cost-Sharing: Evidence from the Affordable Care Act

- Over 230 million Americans have enhanced access to preventive services
 - 150 million with private insurance including 58 M women and 37 M children
 - 61 million Medicare beneficiaries
 - Approximately 20 million Medicaid adult expansion enrollees
- A majority of studies showed increases in use of fully covered services
- Studies that included socioeconomic status reported more substantial increases in utilization of preventive services in financially vulnerable patients, suggesting that the policy reduced disparities in the delivery of preventive care

About 6 in 10 privately insured people received ACA preventive care in 2018

Share of privately insured enrollees receiving preventive care, 2018



Texas Judge Finds ACA Requirement for Preventive Services Without Cost Sharing Invalid

- Several outstanding questions remain, but it is possible that this ruling will mean that employers will no longer have to provide first-dollar coverage for the 52 services that have received an "A" or "B" rating from the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force
- This requirement benefitted almost <u>152 million people in 2020</u> and led to increases in cancer screening and vaccinations, improved access to contraceptives, and earlier detection and treatment of chronic health conditions, including hypertension, depression, high cholesterol and diabetes.





Aging · Health Policy · Why This Matters

SCOTUS will hear case threatening no-cost preventive care



March 4, 2025











/ Health Lab / A freeze, or a fix? Preventive care coverage at a crossroads

A freeze, or a fix? Preventive care coverage at a crossroads

The future of free preventive care and health screenings rests in the hands of judges and lawmakers - but for now, patients can keep getting them

March 4, 2025 7:35 AM

Author | Kara Gavin >

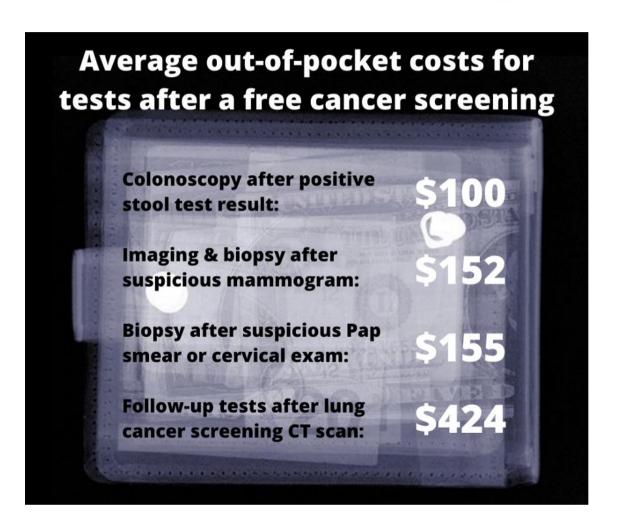
CANCER SCREENING



Your Free Cancer Screen Shows Trouble: What If You Can't Afford the Follow-Up?

New V-BID Center research shows that out-of-pocket costs are common and non-trivial for necessary follow-up testing after initial, abnormal no-cost cancer screening test.

- Breast¹
- Cervical²
- Colorectal³
- Lung⁴



^{1.} JAMA Network Open. 2021;4(8):e2121347

^{2.} Obstetrics & Gynecology. 2022;139(1): doi:10.1097/AOG.0000000000004582

^{3.}JAMA Network Open. 2021;4(12): doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2021.36798

^{4.} JACR E-pub ahead of print. 2021.DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jacr.2021.09.015

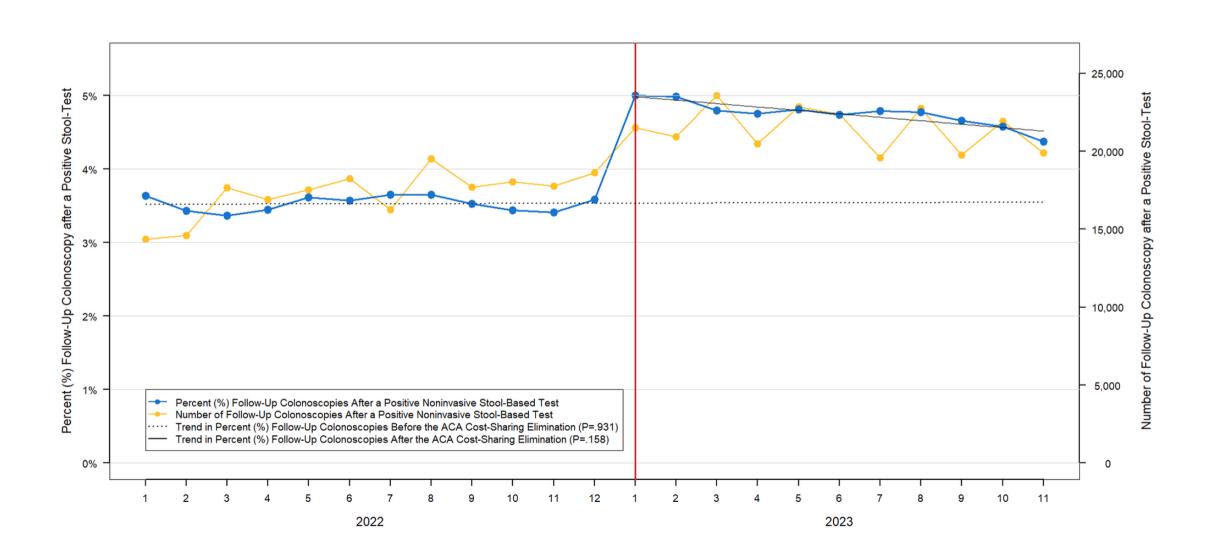
FAQS ABOUT AFFORDABLE CARE ACT IMPLEMENTATION PART 51, FAMILIES FIRST CORONAVIRUS RESPONSE ACT AND CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY ACT IMPLEMENTATION

January 10, 2022

Q7: Are plans and issuers required to cover, without the imposition of any cost sharing, a follow-up colonoscopy conducted after a positive non-invasive stool-based screening test or direct visualization test (e.g., sigmoidoscopy, CT colonography)?

Yes. A plan or issuer must cover and may not impose cost sharing with respect to a colonoscopy conducted after a positive non-invasive stool-based screening test or direct visualization screening test for colorectal cancer for individuals described in the USPSTF recommendation. As stated in the May 18, 2021 USPSTF recommendation, the follow-up colonoscopy is an integral part of the preventive screening without which the screening would not be complete.³¹ The follow-up colonoscopy after a positive non-invasive stool-based screening test or direct visualization screening test is therefore required to be covered without cost sharing in accordance with the requirements of PHS Act section 2713 and its implementing regulations.

Impact of Cost-Sharing Elimination on Colonoscopy Utilization by Patients with a Positive Stool-Based Colorectal Cancer Screening



American Cancer Society Position Statement on the Elimination of Patient Cost-Sharing Associated with Cancer Screening and Follow-up

• It is the position of the ACS that cancer screening should be understood as a continuum of testing rather than a single screening test.





- Screening is a process that includes a recommended screening test and all follow-up tests described as diagnostic and judged to be integral and necessary to resolve the question of whether an adult undergoing screening has cancer.
- These tests should be covered without any patient cost-sharing consistent with the 2022 FAQ specifying no patient cost-sharing for follow-up colonoscopy after a positive non-colonoscopy colorectal cancer screening examination.
- Insurers must cover and should not impose cost-sharing for these recommended examinations, regardless of the patient's designated risk.

American Cancer Society Position Statement on the Elimination of Patient Cost-Sharing Associated with Cancer Screening and Follow-up

Redefining Cancer Screening Coverage—Screening to Diagnosis



Crystal D. Taylor, MD, MPH, MS1; A. Mark Fendrick, MD2; Lesly A. Dossett, MD, MPH1

The Cost to Breathe: Eliminating Cost Sharing Associated with Lung Cancer Screening



3 J'undra N. Pegues^{1,5}, Erin E. Isenberg^{2,4,6}, and A. Mark Fendrick³

Eliminating Consumer Cost-Sharing for the Entire Prostate Cancer Screening Pathway





Coverage for the Entire Cervical Cancer Screening Process Without Cost-Sharing: Lessons From Colorectal Cancer Screening



Allison Ruff, MD, MPHE a,*, Diane M. Harper, MD, MPH, MS b,c,d, Vanessa Dalton, MD c, A. Mark Fendrick, MD, MPH a

- 2

First Dollar Coverage of the Entire Cancer Screening Continuum -1 down, 4 to go

Cancer Type	Commercial Insurers	Medicare
(*) . ()		

V-BID Policies Implemented During the First Trump Administration: Considerations for the Second Trump Administration

- Medicare
- High Deductible Health Plan Reform
- VBID-X





High Out of Pocket Costs are Common and Impactful For Medicare Beneficiaries

- One-third of Medicare beneficiaries said it was somewhat or very difficult to afford health care costs, including half of people under age 65
- More than one in four Medicare beneficiaries said health care costs made it harder for them to afford food and utility bills in the past 12 months
- More than one in five Medicare beneficiaries said they or a family member delayed or skipped needed care because of the cost in the past 12 months

Medicare Advantage V-BID Model Test

For first time, reduced costsharing is permissible for:

- high-value services
- high-value providers
- enrollees participating in disease management or related programs
- additional supplemental benefits (non-health related)

Wellness and Health Care Planning

Advanced care planning

Incentivize better health behaviors

Rewards and Incentives

\$600 annual limit

Increase participation

Available for Part D

Targeting Socioeconomic Status

Low-income subsidy

Improve quality, decrease costs

Telehealth

Service delivery innovations

Augment existing provider networks

CMS ending VBID model due to high costs

CMS says the excess costs of the program were "unprecedented" in CMS Innovation Center models.

HEALTH AFFAIRS FOREFRONT | SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS IN MEDICARE ADVANTAGE

RELATED TOPICS:

MEDICARE ADVANTAGE | COSTS AND SPENDING | CHRONIC DISEASE | MEDICARE SAVINGS PROGRAMS | PAYMENT | COST SHARING | ACCESS TO CARE

The End Of The MA Value-Based Insurance Design Model: What Next?

Riya Doshi, A. Mark Fendrick

FEBRUARY 11, 2025

10.1377/forefront.20250207.262401



Podcast



HEALTH AFFAIRS THIS WEEK

Podcast: What's Happening with Value-Based Insurance Design? w/ Mark Fendrick

February 14, 2025

Medicare Two Dollar Drug List Model



The Medicare \$2 Drug List Model is a voluntary model under development that would test whether a simplified approach to offering low-cost, clinically important generic drugs can improve medication adherence, lead to better health outcomes, and improve satisfaction with the Part D prescription drug benefit for people with Medicare and prescribers. The model would aim to standardize cost sharing for low-cost generics through a new, easy-to-understand option for people with Medicare Part D enrolled in a participating plan and their health care providers.

Our analyses demonstrate that the implementation of the model would will lead to a 63% reduction in beneficiary spending for the selected sample of 101 drugs. However, because these products generally had lower co-payments, savings per beneficiary would be modest.

Medicare Two Dollar Drug List Model



REGULATORY

CMMI to cut participation in payment models, estimates \$750M in savings

By **Noah Tong** • Mar 12, 2025 5:30pm

would be modest.



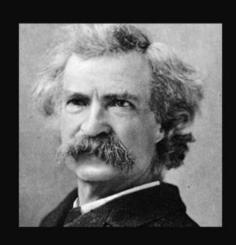
R.I.P. VBID. IS MEDICARE ADVANTAGE ALONE OR WILL IT GO BEYOND?

ANALYSIS | BY LAURA BEERMAN | FEBRUARY 27, 2025

R.I.P. VBID? (PART 2)



ANALYSIS | BY LAURA BEERMAN | MARCH 04, 2025



The report of my death was an exaggeration.

~ Mark Twain

Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 Includes Several V-BID Elements

- Caps Medicare patients' out-of-pocket costs at \$2,000 per year, with the option to break that amount into affordable monthly payments (begins in January 2025)
- Covers adult vaccines recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices under Medicare Part D without cost-sharing (implemented 2023)
- Caps Medicare patients' out-of-pocket costs for insulin at \$35 per month (implemented 2023)



Impact of V-BID Elements of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 If you make people pay less for something, they will buy more of it

July 24, 2023

Insulin Fills by Medicare Enrollees and Outof-Pocket Caps Under the Inflation Reduction Act

Rebecca Myerson, MPH, PhD¹; Dima M. Qato, PharmD, MPH, PhD²; Dana P. Goldman, PhD³; John A. Romlev. PhD³

Research Letter | Health and the 2024 US Election

May 23, 2024

Shingles Vaccination in Medicare Part D After Inflation Reduction Act Elimination of Cost Sharing

"The IRA cap on cost-sharing was associated with increases in the total number of insulin fills for Medicare enrollees."

"Following IRA implementation, Part D shingles vaccinations increased by 46%."

Dima M. Qato, PharmD, MPH, PhD^{1,2}; John A. Romley, PhD^{2,3}; Rebecca Myerson, MPH, PhD^{2,4}; et al





RESEARCH REPORT

July 7, 2023

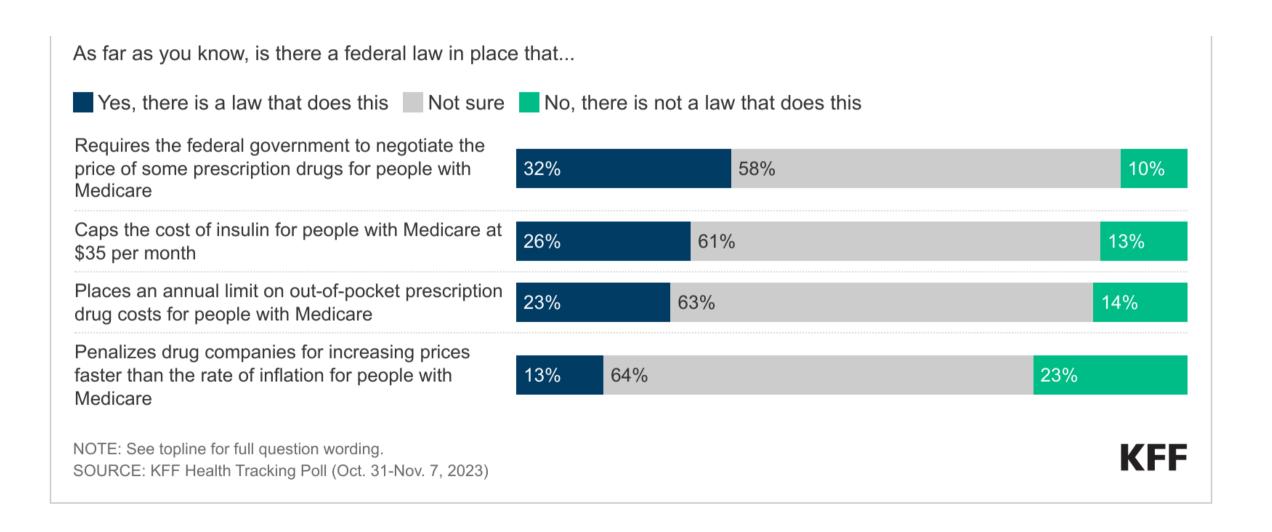
HP-2023-19

—Inflation Reduction Act Research Series— Medicare Part D Enrollee Out-Of-Pocket Spending: Recent Trends and Projected Impacts of the Inflation Reduction Act

The Inflation Reduction Act's redesign of Medicare Part D will reduce enrollee outof-pocket spending by about \$7.4 billion annually among more than 18.7 million enrollees (36 percent of Part D enrollees) in 2025 — nearly \$400 per person among enrollees who have savings in out-of-pocket costs under the IRA.



Majority of the U.S. Public are Unaware of IRA Drug Provisions



HSA-HDHP Reform





PREVENTIVE CARE COVERED

Dollar one



CHRONIC DISEASE CARE

NOT covered until deductible is met







U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

PRESS RELEASES

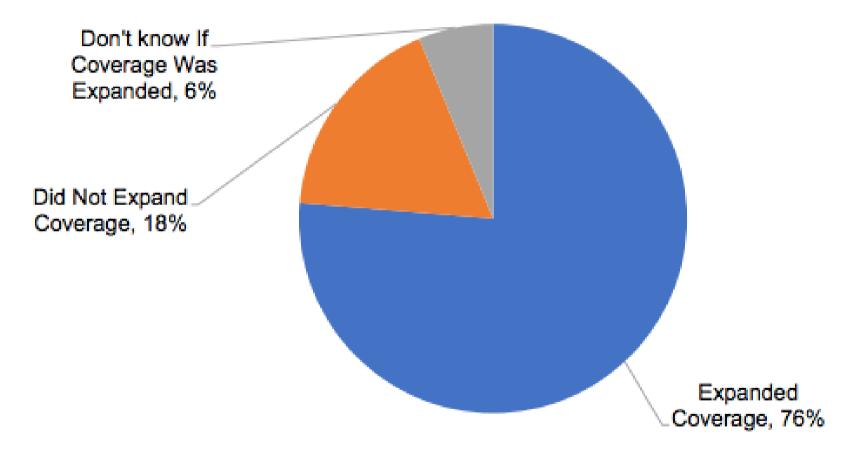
Treasury Expands Health Savings Account Benefits for Individuals Suffering from Chronic Conditions

List of Services and Drugs for Certain Chronic Conditions Classified as Preventive Care Under Notice 2019-45

Preventive Care for Specified Conditions	For Individuals Diagnosed with	
Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitors	Congestive heart failure, diabetes, and/or	
	coronary artery disease	
Anti-resorptive therapy	Osteoporosis and/or osteopenia	
Beta-blockers	Congestive heart failure and/or coronary artery	
	disease	
Blood pressure monitor	Hypertension	
Inhaled corticosteroids	Asthma	
Insulin and other glucose lowering agents	Diabetes	
Retinopathy screening	Diabetes	
Peak flow meter	Asthma	
Glucometer	Diabetes	
Hemoglobin A1c testing	Diabetes	
International Normalized Ratio (INR) testing	Liver disease and/or bleeding disorders	
Low-density Lipoprotein (LDL) testing	Heart disease	
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)	Depression	
Statins	Heart disease and/or diabetes	



Significant Uptake of IRS Rule Expanding Pre-Deductible Coverage of Chronic Disease Services



Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute survey.



Three Quarters of Employers Expanded Coverage of Chronic Disease Services Allowed Under IRS Rule 2019-45, Enhancing Access for Millions of Enrollees

New Research Finds That Expanding Pre-Deductible Coverage in Health Savings Account–Eligible Health Plans Increased Patient Compliance with Medication Regimens

SOURCE: Fronstin, Paul, and A. Mark Fendrick, "Employer Uptake of Pre-Deductible Coverage for Preventive Services in HSA-Eligible Health Plans," EBRI Issue Brief, no. 542 (October 14, 2021).

Internal Revenue Service Notice 2024-75: Expands the list of preventive care benefits permitted to be provided by a high deductible health plan

- Oral Contraceptives; including OTC
- Male Condoms
- Breast Cancer Screening
- Continuous Glucose Monitors



Chronic Disease Management Act of 2023: Expands Services and Drugs for Chronic Conditions Classified as Preventive Care

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1424

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit high deductible health plans to provide chronic disease prevention services to plan enrollees prior to satisfying their plan deductible.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 28, 2021

Mr. Thune (for himself and Mr. Carper) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit high deductible health plans to provide chronic disease prevention services to plan enrollees prior to satisfying their plan deductible.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,







March 4, 2025

Allows Employers Offering High Deductible Health Plans to Offer Pre-Deductible Coverage of 14 Chronic Healthcare

Services



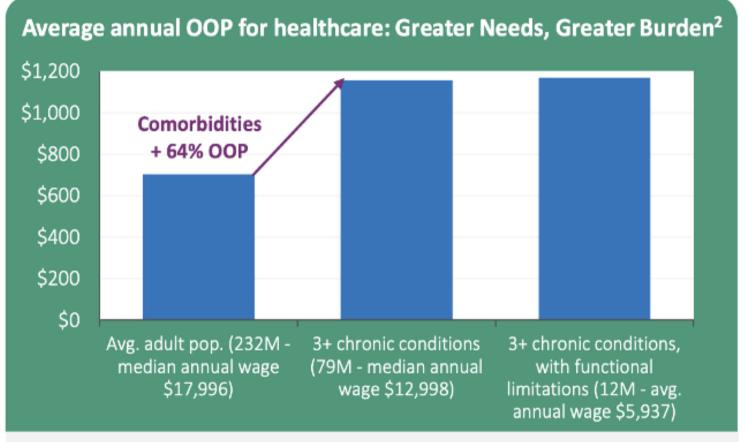
Paying for More Generous Coverage of High Value Care: Reduce Spending on Low Value Care





Paying for More Generous Coverage of High Value Care:

- Increase premiums politically not feasible
- Raise deductibles and copayments – 'tax on the sick'



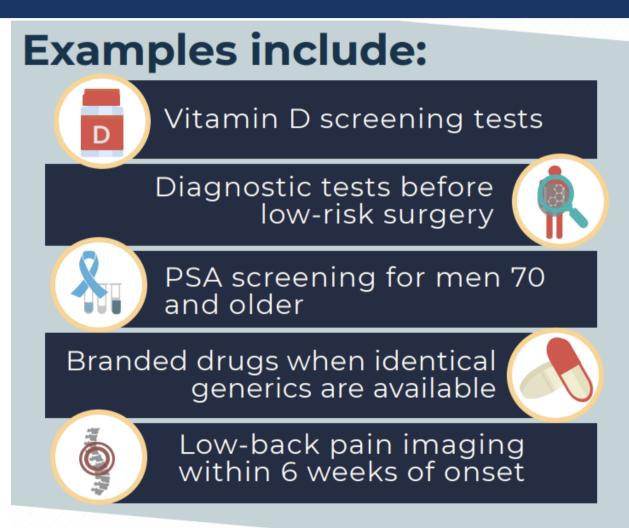


High-need patients (2-3 chronic conditions) pay more than twice as much OOP on healthcare compared to patients without chronic disease²

Paying for More Generous Coverage of High Value Care: Reduce Spending on Low Value Care

- Increase premiums politically not feasible
- Raise deductibles and copayments 'tax on the sick'
- Reduce spending on low value care







RESEARCH ARTICLE

Health Affairs

HEALTH AFFAIRS > VOL. 29, NO. 11: DESIGNING INSURANCE TO IMPROVE VALUE IN HEALTH CARE

Applying Value-Based Insurance Design To Low-Value Health Services

A. Mark Fendrick, Dean G. Smith, and Michael E. Chernew

AFFILIATIONS \vee

PUBLISHED: NOVEMBER 2010 No Access

https://doi.org/10.1377/hlthaff.2010.0878







Massive waste in healthcare spending



The Rabbit Hole @ @TheRabbitHole84 · Dec 4, 2024

Wasteful Healthcare Spending in the United States



Wasteful healthcare spending can reach up to \$935 billion a year

TYPES OF WASTEFUL HEALTHCARE SPENDING (BILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

Administrative Waste	Inefficient Spend	Inefficient Spending	
	Failures of Care Delivery \$166		
Administrative Complexity \$266			
Fraud and Abuse \$84	Low-Value Care \$101	Failures of Care Coordination \$78	Pricing Failure \$241

SOURCE: Journal of the American Medical Association, Waste in the US Health Care System: Estimated Costs and Potential for Savings, October

NOTES: Data represent the upper threshold of estimates by Shrank and colleagues. Total sum may be different due to rounding. © 2023 Peter G. Peterson Foundation

PGPF.ORG

ACA Sec 4105: Selected No-Value Preventive Services Shall Not Be Paid For

SEC. 4105. EVIDENCE-BASED COVERAGE OF PREVENTIVE SERVICES IN MEDICARE.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY OR ELIMINATE COVERAGE OF CERTAIN PREVENTIVE SERVICES.—Section 1834 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(n) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY OR ELIMINATE COVERAGE OF CERTAIN PREVENTIVE SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, effective beginning on January 1, 2010, if the Secretary determines appropriate, the Secretary may—

"(1) modify—

- "(A) the coverage of any preventive service described in subparagraph (A) of section 1861(ddd)(3) to the extent that such modification is consistent with the recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force; and
- "(B) the services included in the initial preventive physical examination described in subparagraph (B) of such section; and
- "(2) provide that no payment shall be made under this title for a preventive service described in subparagraph (A) of such section that has not received a grade of A, B, C, or I by such Task Force."
- (b) Construction.—Nothing in the amendment made by paragraph (1) shall be construed to affect the coverage of diagnostic or treatment services under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

HHS granted authority to not pay for USPSTF 'D' Rated Services



Annual Use and Cost of Seven Grade D Services Among Medicare Enrollees





Total Annual Count: 31 million

Total Annual Costs: \$478 million



V-BID X:

Better Coverage, Same Premiums and Deductibles





V-BID X: Expanding Coverage of Essential Clinical Care Without Increasing Premiums or Deductibles

Clinically driven plan designs, like *V-BID X*, reduce spending on low-value care



...creating headroom to reallocate spending to high-value services without increasing premiums or deductibles

V-BID X: Creating A Value-Based Insurance Design Plan For The Exchange Market

Haley Richardson, Michael Budros, Michael E. Chernew, A. Mark Fendrick

JULY 15, 2019 10.1377/hblog20190714.437267

MAY 08, 2020

MORE ON MEDICARE & MEDICAID

CMS promotes value-based insurance design in final payment notice for 2021

Much of CMS's framework—including a list of high-value services that insurers could cover with little no impact on premiums but better care incentives—comes from the University of Michigan's Center for Value-Based Insurance Design. The list includes a number of the same preventive care benefits that can be newly provided by a high-deductible health plan paired with a health savings account on a pre-deductible basis under Treasury guidance from July 2019.

High Value Generic Drug Classes with Zero Cost Sharing

ACE inhibitors and ARBs
Anti-depressants
Antipsychotics
Anti-resorptive therapy
Antiretrovirals
Antithrombotics/anticoagulants
Beta blockers
Buprenorphine-naloxone
Glucose lowering agents
Inhaled corticosteroids
Naloxone
Rheumatoid arthritis medications
Statins
Thyroid-related
Tobacco cessation treatments

High Value Branded Drug Classes with Reduced Cost Sharing

Anti-TNF (tumor necrosis factor)
Hepatitis C direct-acting combination
Pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) ¹

Specific Low Value Services Considered

Proton beam therapy for prostate cancer Spinal fusions Vertebroplasty and kyphoplasty Vitamin D testing

Enhancing Access and Affordability to Essential Clinical Services

- Save preventive care mandate
- Expand pre-deductible coverage/reduce consumer cost-sharing on highvalue, essential chronic disease services
- Identify, measure and reduce low-value care to pay for more generous coverage of high-value care
 - Start with USPSTF D Rated Services
- Implement clinically-driven plan payment reform, technologies and benefit designs (i.e., V-BID X) that increase use of high-value services and deter low value care





Thank you

Questions?

www.vbidcenter.org

@UM_VBID



