

#### V-BID X: Expanding Coverage of Essential Clinical Care and Enhancing Equity Without Increasing Premiums or Deductibles

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www.vbidcenter.org







#### Health Care Costs Are a Top Issue For Purchasers and Policymakers: Solutions must protect consumers, reward providers and preserve innovation

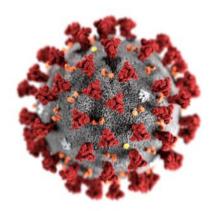
- Irrespective of remarkable clinical advances, cutting health care spending is the main focus of reform discussions
- Everyone (almost) agrees there is enough money in the US health care system; we just spend it on the wrong services
- Policy deliberations focus primarily on alternative payment models, but moving to value-based system also requires a change in how we engage consumers to seek care



Comparison of enrollees in California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) V-BID to a Non-VBID PPO with very similar benefit structures regarding copayment, coinsurance (10%) and maximum out-ofpocket (OOP) limit:

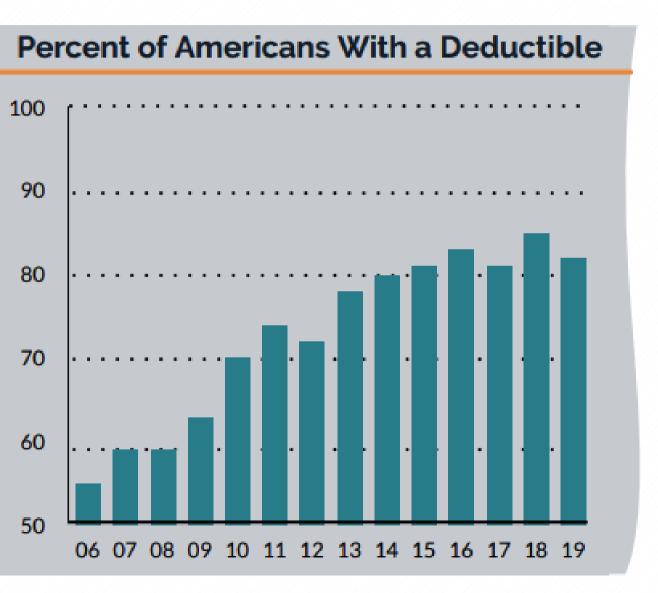
- Enrollment in V-BID program led to higher primary care provider and immunization utilization with no added total costs
- Compared to those not enrolled in a V-BID PPO, V-BID beneficiaries experienced lower out-of-pocket payments, as well as significantly lower rates of hospital and surgical admissions

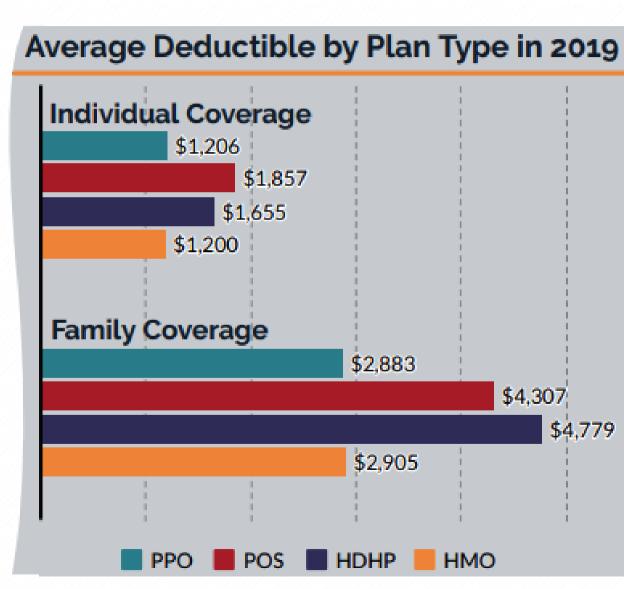
#### Then Came Coronavirus...





# Plan deductibles have grown more than ten times faster than inflation over the last decade







#### Inspiration (Still)



I can't believe you had to spend a million dollars to show that if you make people pay more for something, they will buy less of it.

- Barbara Fendrick (my mother)

## Effects of Increased Patient Cost Sharing on Socioeconomic Disparities in Health Care

• Rising copayments worsen disparities and adversely affect health, particularly among economically vulnerable individuals and those with chronic conditions



#### Alternative to "Blunt" Consumer Cost Sharing: Value-Based Insurance Design (V-BID)

- Sets consumer cost-sharing on clinical benefit – not price
- Little or no out-of-pocket cost for high value care; high cost share for low value care
- Successfully implemented by hundreds of public and private payers

#### TheUpshot

#### Health Plans That Nudge Patients to Do the Right Thing

Austin Frakt THE NEW HEALTH CARE JULY 10, 2017



RELATED COVERAGE





A HEAL How Better

#### DISPARITIES

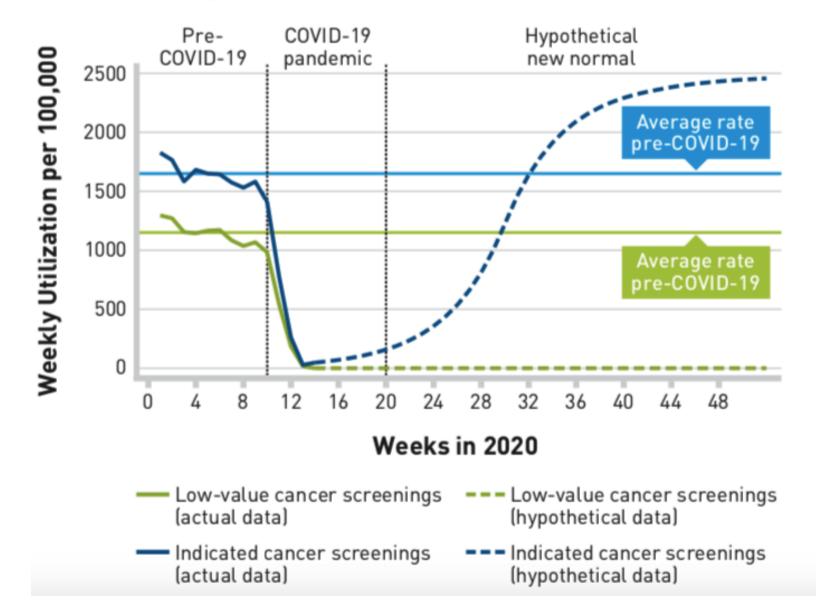
By Niteesh K. Choudhry, Katsiaryna Bykov, William H. Shrank, Michele Toscano, Wayne S. Rawlins, Lonny Reisman, Troyen A. Brennan, and Jessica M. Franklin

# Eliminating Medication Copayments Reduces Disparities In Cardiovascular Care

DOI: 10.1377/hlthaff.201: HEALTH AFFAIRS 33, NO. 5 (2014): 863–870 ©2014 Project HOPE— The People-to-People Health Foundation, Inc.



# Crisis Into Opportunity: Can COVID-19 Help Set a Path to Improved Health Care Efficiency?





# Crisis Into Opportunity: Can COVID-19 Help Set a Path to Improved Health Care Efficiency?

- Build on existing alternative payment models that base reimbursement on patient-centered outcomes; increase reimbursement for high-value services and reduce or cease payment for known low-value care
- Align patient cost-sharing with the value of the underlying services; reduce out of pocket cost on high-value services and increase patient cost on lowvalue care
- Use value-based principles to leverage the widespread adoption of telehealth

#### Beginning the V-BID Journey at the Washington Health Benefit Exchange: Standard Plans Guiding Principles

- Lower deductibles
- Access to more services prior to meeting the plan deductible
- Prioritize copays where possible to provide predictability for consumers when seeking services
- Limit premium impacts
  - Particularly at bronze, where consumers may be most premium sensitive and coverage is limited
- Maximize tax credits with silver plan design



#### ACA SEC 2713: SELECTED PREVENTIVE SERVICES BE PROVIDED WITHOUT COST-SHARING



- Receiving an A or B rating from the United States Preventive Services Taskforce (USPSTF)
- Immunizations recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)
- Preventive care and screenings supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

#### COVID-19 Testing and Vaccines Provided without Cost-sharing







January 11, 2022

HP-2022-01

# Access to Preventive Services without Cost-Sharing: Evidence from the Affordable Care Act

- Over 230 million Americans have enhanced access to preventive services
  - 150 million with private insurance including 58 M women and 37 M children
  - 61 million Medicare beneficiaries
  - Approximately 20 million Medicaid adult expansion enrollees
- A majority of studies showed increases in use of fully covered services
- Studies that included socioeconomic status reported more substantial increases in utilization of preventive services in financially vulnerable patients, suggesting that the policy reduced disparities in the delivery of preventive care

## MEDICARE ADVANTAGE



Medicare Advantage

High Out of Pocket Costs are Common and Impactful for Medicare Beneficiaries

# **4 in 10** Paid over \$200

#### 34%

of seniors on Medicare with high out-of-pocket costs reduced other spending in order to afford their prescription drugs



#### Medicare Advantage V-BID Model Test: Expanded Opportunities

# Reduced cost-sharing permissible for:

- high-value services
- high-value providers
- enrollees participating in disease management or related programs
- additional supplemental benefits (non-health related)

eting Socioeconomic Status
come subsidy
e quality, decrease costs
Telehealth
Telehealth delivery innovations

In 2021, 415 plans covering approximately 4.2 million beneficiaries were available in 47 states and Puerto Rico



# CMS Launches Groundbreaking Model to Lower Out of Pocket Expenses for Insulin

Mar 11, 2020 | Coverage, Innovation models, Medicare Part D, Prescription drugs, Quality

#### Part D Senior Savings Plan Model

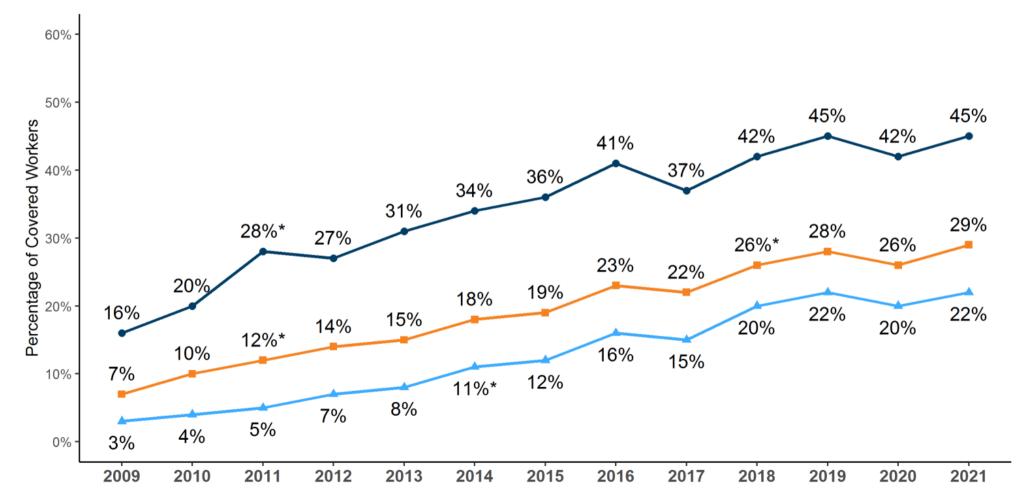
- Part D Senior Savings: a model test that allows MA plans to offer beneficiaries with diabetes a fixed, maximum \$35 copayment for their insulin throughout the year
- 30% of MA plans participated in 2021
- Legislation pending that would require national expansion of this policy to all Medicare plans and private plans

# HSA-HDHP REFORM



# Percentage of Covered Workers Enrolled in a Plan With a General Annual Deductible of \$2,000 or More for Single Coverage, by Firm Size





Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Employer Health Benefits Survey. 2021 Employer Health Benefits Survey - Summary of Findings. 10 Nov 2021. Accessed at: https://www.kff.org/report-section/ehbs-2021-summary-of-findings/attachment/figure-e-33/.



# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### **PRESS RELEASES**

Treasury Expands Health Savings Account Benefits for Individuals Suffering from Chronic Conditions

#### List of Services and Drugs for Certain Chronic Conditions Classified as Preventive Care Under Notice 2019-45

Preventive Care for Specified Conditions	For Individuals Diagnosed with	
Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitors	Congestive heart failure, diabetes, and/or	
	coronary artery disease	
Anti-resorptive therapy	Osteoporosis and/or osteopenia	
Beta-blockers	Congestive heart failure and/or coronary artery	
	disease	
Blood pressure monitor	Hypertension	
Inhaled corticosteroids	Asthma	
Insulin and other glucose lowering agents	Diabetes	
Retinopathy screening	Diabetes	
Peak flow meter	Asthma	
Glucometer	Diabetes	
Hemoglobin A1c testing	Diabetes	
International Normalized Ratio (INR) testing	Liver disease and/or bleeding disorders	
Low-density Lipoprotein (LDL) testing	Heart disease	
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)	Depression	
Statins	Heart disease and/or diabetes	



# **Employer Uptake of Pre-Deductible Coverage for Preventive Services in HSA-Eligible Health Plans**

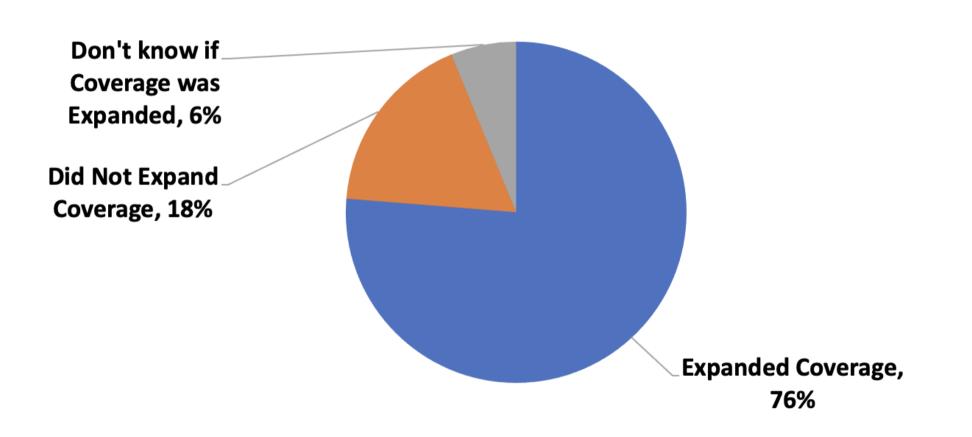
By Paul Fronstin, Ph.D., Employee Benefit Research Institute and A. Mark Fendrick, M.D., University of Michigan

#### AT A GLANCE

IRS Notice 2019-45 allows health savings account (HSA)-eligible health plans the flexibility to cover 14 medications and services used to prevent the exacerbation of chronic conditions prior to meeting the plan deductible.

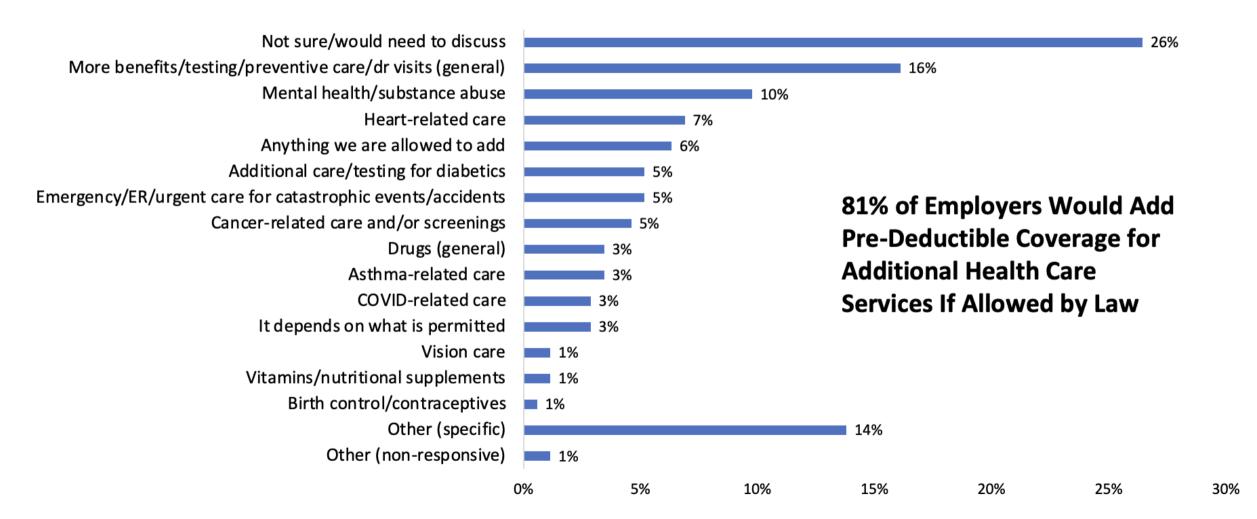
In this *Issue Brief*, we report on the findings from a 2021 Employee Benefit Research Institute (EBRI) survey of employers that collected information on their response to the 2019 guidance. The survey examined not only whether employers added pre-deductible coverage as a result of Notice 2019-45, but also examined each of the allowed services individually; the type of cost sharing, if any, used in lieu of deductibles; and other relevant questions.

in HSA-Eligible Health Plan for Preventive Services Allowed Under IRS Rule 2019-45



SOURCE: Fronstin, Paul, and A. Mark Fendrick, "Employer Uptake of Pre-Deductible Coverage for Preventive Services in HSA-Eligible Health Plans," EBRI Issue Brief, no. 542 (October 14, 2021).

#### Additional Pre-Deductible Coverage that Employers Would Like to Add (Based on Open Ended Question)



#### Chronic Disease Management Act of 2021

117тн CONGRESS 1st Session

# **S. 1424**

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit high deductible health plans to provide chronic disease prevention services to plan enrollees prior to satisfying their plan deductible.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 28, 2021

Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. CARPER) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

#### A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit high deductible health plans to provide chronic disease prevention services to plan enrollees prior to satisfying their plan deductible.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## LOW-VALUE CARE



#### How do we pay for better coverage for high value care?

- Raise Premiums
- Increase Deductibles, Copayments and Coinsurance
- Reduce Spending on Low Value Care



In the United States, low-value healthcare disproportionately impacts communities of color

> Reducing Low-Value Care to Improve Health Equity

Reducing use of low-value care, starting with services that provide no clinical benefit in particular patient populations, is central to improving health equity

#### ACA Sec 4105: Modify or Eliminate Coverage of

#### **Certain Preventive Services**

#### SEC. 4105. EVIDENCE-BASED COVERAGE OF PREVENTIVE SERVICES IN MEDICARE.

(a) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY OR ELIMINATE COVERAGE OF CERTAIN PREVENTIVE SERVICES.—Section 1834 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(n) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY OR ELIMINATE COVERAGE OF CER-TAIN PREVENTIVE SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, effective beginning on January 1, 2010, if the Secretary determines appropriate, the Secretary may—

"(1) modify—

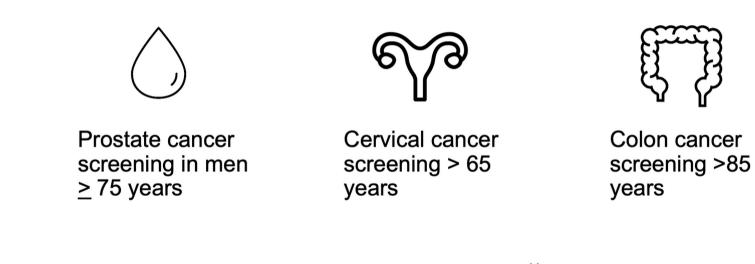
"(A) the coverage of any preventive service described in subparagraph (A) of section 1861(ddd)(3) to the extent that such modification is consistent with the recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force; and

 $\ensuremath{^{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!}}(B)$  the services included in the initial preventive physical examination described in subparagraph (B) of such section; and

"(2) provide that no payment shall be made under this title for a preventive service described in subparagraph (A) of such section that has not received a grade of A, B, C, or I by such Task Force.".

(b) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the amendment made by paragraph (1) shall be construed to affect the coverage of diagnostic or treatment services under title XVIII of the Social Security Act. The ACA grants HHS the authority to eliminate coverage for USPSTF 'D' Rated Services in Medicare

#### USPSTF Grade D Services Commonly used in Medicare Beneficiaries





Cardiovascular screening in <u>low</u> risk patients



Asymptomatic bacteriuria screening



COPD screening



Vitamin D to prevent falls among older women

Annual Use and Cost of Seven Grade D Services Among Medicare Enrollees





# Total Annual Count: 31 million

Total Annual Costs: \$478 million

Oronce CIA, Fendrick AM, Ladapo J, Sarkisian C, Mafi JN. JGIM 2021.

#### Multi-stakeholder Collaborative Efforts to Reduce Low Value Care

- Low Value Care Task Force
- Altarum Research Consortium on Health Care Value Assessment
- Smarter Care Virginia
- Washington Health Alliance
- State APCDs
  - Phase 1
    - Colorado
    - Maine
    - Virginia
    - Washington

Utilization and Spending on Low-Value Medical Care Across Four States



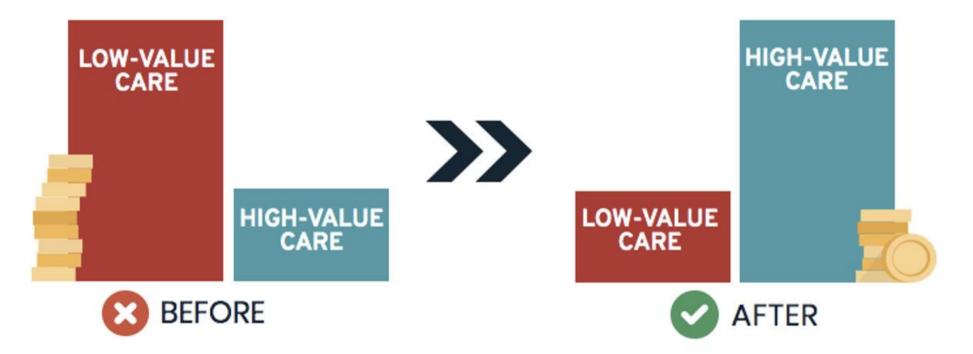
- State APCDs
  - Phase 2
    - Colorado
    - Connecticut
    - Utah
    - Wisconsin

https://vbidhealth.com/elementor-1016/

# V-BID X



# Clinically driven plan designs, like V-BID X, reduce spending on low-value care



...creating headroom to reallocate spending to high-value services without increasing premiums or deductibles

## **V-BID X: Guiding Principles**

- Make concrete recommendations
- Anticipate and address barriers
- Payers must be able to use template to design a V-BID product

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- The best must not be the enemy of the good
- Output would be publicly available

#### **Identification of services:**

- 1. Favor services with the strongest evidence-base
- 2. Favor services that are more responsive to cost-sharing
- 3. Favor services with a high likelihood to be high- or low-value, independent of the clinical context
- 4. Focus on areas with most need for improvement
- 5. Consider equity, adverse selection, impact on special populations, and the risk pool

# **V-BID X: Project Members**



- Research supported by Arnold Ventures
- Oliver Wyman provided actuarial estimates

# **V-BID X: Plan Flexibility**

The list of services and service categories used in this first iteration of V-BID X represents just one version of what such a plan design could look like.

Payers have significant flexibility regarding how to design a version of V-BID X. Key parameters include:

- Selection of high-value services for reduced cost-sharing
- Level of cost-sharing reduction for high-value services
- Selection of low-value services for increased cost sharing
- Level of cost-sharing increase for low-value services
- Determination of the actuarial value of the plan

# CMS promotes value-based insurance design in final payment notice for 2021

V-BID X: Enhancing Access and Affordability to Essential Clinical Services in Addition to COVID-19 Related Care

#### TABLE 5—HIGH AND LOW VALUE SERVICES AND DRUG CLASSES

#### High Value Services with Zero Cost Sharing

Blood pressure monitors (hypertension) Cardiac rehabilitation Glucometers and testing strips (diabetes) Hemoglobin a1c testing (diabetes) INR testing (hypercoagulability) LDL testing (hyperlipidemia) Peak flow meters (asthma) Pulmonary rehabilitation



#### Exchanges Using V-BID X Principles to Enhance Equity

- California
- Colorado
- Maryland
- Massachusetts
- District of Columbia



#### V-BID Elements Adopted to Achieve Equity in Health Insurance Coverage

# **V-BID X: Key Takeaways**

- Cost neutral V-BID designs are feasible. Coverage can be enhanced for targeted high-value services, without raising premiums and deductibles
- There are a large number of plausible combinations of services or cost-sharing changes that could fit different needs and goals, depending on the carrier and market

#### V-BID X: More Generous Coverage of Essential Clinical Care and Equity Enhancement Without Increasing Premiums or Deductibles

- Expand pre-deductible coverage/reduce cost sharing on high value clinical services
- Identify, measure and reduce low value care to pay for more generous coverage of high value care
- Implement clinically-driven payment models and plan designs that increase use of high value services and deter the use of low value ones





## Thank you. Slides and Resources available at:

www.vbidcenter.org





